be the best-pethaps 't isn't even good-but we don't want to change it. Business has grown used to it, and prefers it, with all its imperfections, to a change in it, with all that a change implies. Now, if our State goes with all that a change implies. Now, if our State goes with all that a change implies. Now, if our State goes Republican this fail, as I believe it will, the Democratic Property will interpret our victory as a declaration that the party will interpret our victory as a declaration that the party will interpret our victory as a declaration that the party will be that a bemocratic Congress will be dissuaded from touching the tariff this season, and thus putting a paralysis upon trade. Nor is it a band thing to anticipate the effect upon the news of an Onio victory, victory is Pennsylvania too is assured. And some politicians claim that we shall have been also a Shall New-Jersey do worse than Virginia has a Shall New-Jersey do worse than Virginia have this year a Republican Governor, and serve the loudest notice on the Democratic of the nation that we shall have next year a Republican President. Gentlemen, I thought I was done, but we have taken from the conscience of the Democratic party whose scatis in the State House our opinion of their candidate. Let us take from the brains of the Democratic party whose scatis in the Riate House our opinion of their candidate. Let us take from the brains of the Democratic party whose scatis in the key-note. A party long in power must be corrupted and its offices should be purged. Now the Democratic party has been eighteen years in control of this State, and, if this Democratic actrine is sound, behold it stinketh. So making in their motto only that change which the facts require, let us say with Senator McPherson. Turn the raceals out. The Democratic party must go."

After the committees had been appointed the convention took a recess until half-past two, when

vention took a recess natil half-past two, when Senator John Taylor, of Mercer, who had been selected as permanent chairman, was introduced by Mr. Phelps as "the man who might have been Governor." Mr. Taylor made a brief but stirring address and the counties were called for nominations. Senator Gardner, of Atlantic, presented the name of Israel Adams, which was withdrawn, however, before the voting began. General Duncan nominated John Hill in a ringing and effective speech, and the nomination was seconded by John Whitehead, of Morris, John Loomis, of Sussex, added some vigorous off-hand remarks for the man whe had never been defeated. Major Pangborn presented Judge Jonathan Dixon's same in his hapest vein, and E. S. Renwick, of Newark, nomis nated the Judge for Essax. The balleting for candidates then began, and the first counties called in alphabetical order were largely for Mr. Hill. But Essex with her 104 delegates, Hudson with 80. Mercer with 36, and a large portion of other county delegations swinging into line, made it plain long before Warren had been reached that Judge Dixon had a large majority of the 645 votes of the Convention. Before the vote was aunounced Morris and Bergen, the strongholds of Mr. Hill, moved to make the nomination unanimous, and Judge Dixon was declared the candidate amid much enthusiasm. THE PLATFORM.

#### The following platform was adopted: THE PLATFORM.

The following platform was adopted:

. We re-affirm, as to all questions of Federal policy, doctrines enunciated by the last Republican National

Convention.

2. We cordially approve the wise and conservative ceurse of President Arthur's administration.

3. We congratulate the country upon the successful application of the principles of genuine Civil Service Reform in the National Administration, and favor the adoption of the system in all branches of our State gov-

Reform in the National Administration, and prime of the system in all branches of our State government.

4. We believe that the prosperity and happiness of our own people are of paramount importance, and therefore we insist upon a teriff so adjusted as to give full protection to home labor and indusiry, and sufficient to develop all the resources of the country, and favor such wise and proper state legislation as will protect honest labor from unfair competition.

5. We demand such a prudent and economical administration of the affairs of the State as will make needless any direct State tax.

6. We hold it to be one of the most imperative demands of the time, that our system of State taxation should be so exactly equitable as to reach all corporations, as well as all individuals—"all property to be taxed," in the language of the Constitution, "under general laws, and by uniform rules, according to its true value;" that we are opposed to all encroachments of corporate power u pon popular rights, and we demand that all monopolies which oppress the people, and unfairly discriminate against their interests, shall be curbed and restrained by proper legislation.

7. We favor legislation looking toward the adequate protection and further development of our fisheries.

8. We please to the candidate of this convention our entriest, hearty and entausastic support.

Members of the State Committee were selected as follows by the various by the various Congressional districts, and four members at large are to be selected by the chairman and announced hereafter: Ist District, Charles T. Starr and C. A. Butts; Hd,

lected by the chairman and announced hereafter:

Ist District, Charles T. Starr and C. A. Butts; Hd.

Barton F. Thorne and State Controller E. J. Anderson; Hld, Juage Chinon Roboms and Seth B.

Ryder; IVth, W. A. Stiles and Charles A. Skillman;

Vth, John E. Miller and Henry W. Miller; Vith,

Joseph L. Muon and John D. Harrison; Vitta,

Colonel J. J. Toffey and Judge William T. Hofman,

Judge Dixon was born in Liverpool, and while

yet a child his parents moved to New-Brunswick,

N. J. Owing to the humble circumstances of his

parents young Dixon was compelled at an early age

to make his own way in the world and obtained

employment in the office of the late Judge Harden
berg. His natural aptitude and eagerness to learn

were noted by ms employer who assisted him in

obtaining an education. He was graduated

from Rutzers College in the class of

1859, and when admitted to the bar he

soon acquired a leading position in his

profession in Jersey City, where he began to prac
tise. In 1875 he was appointed a Justice of the

Supreme Court by Governor Bedic, and was reap

pointed by Governor Ludlow to the position, which

he still holds. He is universally esteemed for his

straightforward earnestness and honesty of charac
ter, and his marked mental ability and executive

force are as universally acknowledged. Judge

Dixon is forty-four years old—in the prime of

vigorous manbood.

George Jones, publisher of The Times, was asked by a TRIBUNE reporter yesterday if be had sent the telegram sent to Trenton asserting that Secretary Freilinghuysen would accept the nomination for Governor if tendered to him. Mr. Jones replied: "I sent mosuch message to any one. I received a telegram from Major Kinuey early to-day saying that Mr. Freling-huysen could have the nomination and asking if he would accept. I was very busy and asked an assistant to reply that I did not know whether he would or not. The reply attributed to me is a forgery."

## COLORED REPUBLICANS.

At the primary election held Monday evening by the VIIth Assembly District Colored Republican Association, at No. 205 Thompson-st., the following ticket was elected: President, Washington Parker; vice-president, Edward Barguet; secretary, John W. Dozier; treasurer, Charles Nichols; sergeant-at-arms, Major R.
Poole, Delegates to Central Committee—John Dezier,
Fred. P. Hayes, Frank Stanly, James E. Crosby, Edward Barguet, Charles Nichols, Washington Parker,
Thomas Trusty, Jr.

## PENSACOLA ASKING FOR AID.

APPEALING TO THE GOVERNMENT FOR ASSISTANCE DURING THE PREVALENCE OF YELLOW FEVER. WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 .- Mr. Tarble, Collector of Customs at Pensacola, had an interview with the Secretary of the Treasury to-day and made a formal request on behalf of the Florida State Board of Health and the citizens of Woolsey and Warrington villages, on the mayal reservation, for assistance in supplying the poor of those settlements with rations during the prevasee of yellow fever. The Secretary replied that there was no fund at his disposal with which to purchase ra-tions, and that he did not think the epidemic fund could be used for that purpose. Mr. Tarble, in company with Burgeon-General Hamilton, afterward called upon the Secretary of the Navy to see if relief could not be ob-tained from that quarter. Secretary Chandler and he could not offer them much encouragement, but he would confer with the Secretary of the Treasury and see what

could be done.

Commandant Welch, at the Pensacola, Fla., Navy Yard, reported as follows last night: "No new cases; one death, Thomas Shepard, laudaman, of the tug Rose." Surgeon-General Hamilton of the Marine Hospital Service has received a report from Sanitary Inspector Burgess at Havans, in which the latter says there were 708 deaths at that place during August, 152 of which were from yellow fever.

## MURRAIN AMONG CATTLE IN GEORGIA.

INV TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. CHATTANOGGA, Tenn., Sept. 18.—Murrain is raging among the cattle in North Georgia. It is said that nearly every animal attacked by the disease has died. The disease prevails more or less all over the died. The disease prevails more or less all over the South this season. A disease supposed to be marrain appeared among the mileh cows in Athens, fenn. Twelve cows in the town and immediate vicinity died within the past week, while in the country at least a hundred have died. The disease appears to be confined solely to cows.

# THE SHYLOCKS OF BAXTER STREET.

In Chatham, Mulberry and Mott sts. chear quor saloons abound. In some places beer is sold at 1 ent per glass and 3 cents per quart, and a vile concocd whiskey at 3 cents per glass. The old clothes dealers of Baxter-st. supply money to the patrons of grog-shops in the vicinity. The unhappy victim of grog-shops in the vicinity. The unhappy victim of strong drink when half stupefied with the stuff and anxious for more, can find the means to gratify his appetite provided he has an article of wearing appared that is of any money value. A man may "make a night of it" in some of the low saloons down-town and go home without a black eye—but in three cases out of half a dozen he will turn up pennices next day. Then he goes to Baxter-at to "raise the wind." The suit of clothing that he begged or worked a week or two for, goes into the old-clothes dealer's stock and in exchange the seller receives a dollar or two and old patched garments that will not bring more than the average price of rags in a rag shop. The meany goes for liquor. Those Baxter-at dealers a selight to take alivantage of drunken men. They still buy their clothing and promise to keep it until

redeemed, but in most cases the seller is unable to redeem in season. The old-clothes desiers are shrewder even than the pawnbrokers. They never give one-fifth of the value of an article, and if a person wishes to redeem his clothing he must pay at the rate of from 25 to 100 per cent interest.

#### NATIONAL CAPITAL TOPICS.

TO INSPECT POST OFFICES. GENERAL GRESHAM TO VISIT NEW-YORK AND BOSTON-ALLOWANCES FOR CLERT HIRE, ETC. [ST TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Washington, Sept. 18.-Postmaster-General Gresham expects to leave Washington next Thursday for New-York and Boston, in order personally to inspect the Post Offices in those cities and examine the organization and distribution of the clerical force and carrier service in each place. It is probable that before his return to Washington he will also visit Chicago and perhaps other large cities for the same purpose. He has been making a thorough investigation of the subject of allowances to Postmasters for clerk-hire, carrier service, etc., and he desires before preparing his annual report to ascertain by personal observation and inquiry

EXPENDITURES IN THE PENSION OFFICE. Washington, Sept. 18 .- Of the appropriation of \$100,000,000 for the payment of pensions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, \$39,000,000 remained unexpended sand was reappropriated for the present fiscal year, making the sum available for the expense of the Pension Bureau about \$125,000,000. Commissions Tuddes sioner Dudley expresses the opinion that there will be another large surplus at the end of the present fiscal year. In that event he will ask to have the surplus reappropriated, and expects to be able to considerably reduce the amount required for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1884. The Commissioner says that notwith-standing the probable existence of this large surplus the standing the probable existence of this large surplus the number of pension claims passed upon during the present year will show a large increase over that of last year, and he autributes the saving to the character of the cases and the efficiency of the examiners. Commissioner Dudley is also of the opinion that he will be enabled to reduce the number of employes in the Pension Bureau from 1,500 to 1,250 for the next fiscal year.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Captain Healey, of the Revenue steamer Corwin, reports that during July he sailed north into the Arctic Ocean, without finding any contraband goods on the vessels boarded, but evidences of illicit trading with the natives were discovered. The health of St. Lawrence Island is reported as good, no deaths having occurred there during the past year. The presents sent by the Navy Department were distributed among the natives as rewards for their kind treatment of the shipwreeked crew of the Rodgers. Several of the natives were found to be draink and said they had received their inquor from the American schooner Page. The Tchouktells received their presents with apparent indifference, though they were undoubtedly much elated.

The whalers report a very pool season. Captain flealey says the ice is very slow in moving, and is now heavily packed near Cape Lisbinne, about 134 miles up the coast. Many of the experienced whaling captains think it will be impossible to reach Point Barrow this year. WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 .- Captain Healey, of

#### REVENUE OFFICERS EXONERATED.

Washington, Sept. 18 .- Commissioner of Internal Revenue Evans received to-day the report of Revenue Agent Thomas Powers, who has been investigating the alleged selzures of "sham" stills in South Carolina. The report says that the charge of fraudulent practices, as far as it relates to officers of the Internal Revenue Service, is entirely without foundation. Agent Revenue Service, is entirely winder foundation. Powers reports, however, three cases in which he says there is evidence that there was an attempt at fraud on the part of United States Deputy Marshala, and he says that owing to the fact that deputy marshals are looked upon and spoken of as revenue officers in that part of the country, the fraudulent practices were ascribed to Internal Revenue officers.

#### ARMY ORDERS.

Washington, Sept. 18 .- Leave of absence for four mouths from October 1, 1883, has been granted Surgeon Charles T. Alexander. Captain Robert Pollock, 21st Infantry, has by opera-

tion of law been retired from active service. First Lieutenant Francis H. Hardie, 3d Cavairy, has been re-Licentenant Francis B. Hardie, 3d Cavairy, has been felleved from duty on recruiting service, and will join his troop in the Department of Arizona. The order transferring Second Licentenant Charenes R. Edwards from the 23d Infantry to the 10th Cavairy has been revoked, Second Licentenant Alvarado M. Fuller, 2d Cavairy, has been detailed for instruction at the School of Application for Infantry and Cavairy at Fort Leavenworth.

## WASHINGTON NOTES.

Washington, Tuesday, Sept. 18, 1883. PURCHASE OF SILVER FOR COINAGE .- The superintendent of the Philadelphia Mint has been authorized to pur-chase 50,000 ounces of silver for cottage into dimes.

PATENTS ISSUED. - The number of patents issued during the past week was 378; of designs, 34; of trade-marks, 14, and of labels, 19. The number of reassure was 3. A NEW BANK AUTHORIZED -The Controller of the Cur-

rency has authorized the First National Bank of San Diego, Cal., to begin ousmess with a capital of \$50,000. Another Bond Call,-The Secretary of the Treasury will probably make another band call to-morrow or Thursday. It is thought that the amount will be lifteen millions. MOSEY FOR WINNEBAGO INDIANS .- Secretary Teller

has decided that every Winnebago Indian of one-fourth fadian blood is entitled to receive his share of the \$100,000 awarded by Congress to that tribe. KICKAPOO INDIANS TO BE PAID FOR LANDS. - Secretary

Teller has occided that the Kickapoo Indians is Kansas are entitled to compensation for the lands surrendered by them in accordance with the stipulation of a late treaty, and he will ask Congress to appropriate a sum sufficient for the purpose.

IMMIGRATION STATISTICS.—During the month of August Immigration Statistics—Bulling the house, Bos-ton, Detroit, Huron, Minnesota, New-Orieans, New-York, Passamaquoddy, Pallateiphia and San Francisco 3,338 immigratus, being 4,088 loss that the number of similar arrivals during the corresponding month in 1882.

REPORT OF THE BILL INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE. The report of the committee appointed by the Secretary of the Trensury to investigate certain charges against Supervising Architect Hil, inving been read by the Secretary, was to-day given out for publication. The substance of the report has been given in The Trincas.

A NEW VOLUME OF CENSUS REPORTS .- Advance copies of the second volume of census reports, entrilled "Report on Population," have been received at the Census Bureau. It is a quario volume of 950 pages, coplounly Bureau and with colored mays. Five thousand copies will be ready for distribution in about ten days. The Bureau now has a tail dreport "On Manufactures and Mechanics" in preparation.

THE NIOBRARA STAR ROUTE DISCONTINUED .- By order of the Second Assistant Postmaster-General, to take effect September 30, the Star Route from Niobrara to Fort Randait, Dak., has been discontinued. John R. Miner was the lowest bidder for supplying service upon this route, and was awarded the contract, which was afterward annulled because of technical imperfection. The necessity for the Star Route Service no longer exists, because of the exicusion of the railway system.

ANOTHER "CEANK" AT THE WHITE HOUSE.-A Another "Crank" at the White House.—A "crank" appeared at the White House this morning and asked for an addience with the President. He showed great disappointment when informed that the President was in New-York. He explained that he had come all the way from Colorado to crown the President King of America, which duty he said had been committed to his cuarge by the Lord Jesus Christ. The man gave his name of Portroit, and said he was a native of Germany. He was taken in charge by a policeman.

#### PERRY BELMONT ON THE HAWAIIAN TREATY.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 18.—Congressman Bel-PROVIDENCE, Sept. 13.—Congressman Der-mont, of New-York, who is now at Newport, having been requested to express his views on the report of the Hawaiian Sugar Investigating Committee, replied: "I have no reason to feel that the investigation has not een intelligent, thorough and conscientious; but I must, as a member of the House, awalt the sec must, as a member of the House, await the sending of the report to Congress, and the accompanying statement of the Treasury Department, before expressing an opinion as to the modification or abrogation of the treaty. It is clear to me that the framers of the treaty only intended that sugars known in 1876 in the Sandwich Islands and on the Pacific Coast as raw sugars should be admitted tree of duty, and I cannot think that the treaty covers, or was intended to cover, sugars that had been refused by any process. The Commission, on the cou-trary, seems to believe that the treaty covers all grades of refined sugar."

In Georgia there is a preacher who exhorts In Georgia there is a preacher who exhorts the young men to abstain from courting their girls on the Sabbath, and wait until Monday. This arrangement would never do in the world. How would a man look courting a girl up to her eyes in soapsuds! We do not believe that Georgia preacher is as popular as he was.—[Texas Siftings.

When should chickens seek the Fisheries Exhibition! When they go to perch.—[Judy.

# AN EQUAL DIVISION OF HONORS.

oners marked the sport at Sheepsheed Bay yesterday.

Only ten out of twenty-two entries ran for the first race.
Owners were wise in withdrawing their herses, for with twenty-two in a short scramble on the narrow track there would have been many seeds bridge. We also also shows an either mark tek on the inside. So after some parhying i pay \$2. The follow wanted \$5, but I was symboled, that the follow who sold me the ring buys the inforcement of the daughter of Aliarm and Blargowrie. W. It seeds a ferroes, with the top weight, wen the three-year-old handleap. Referee is a fair racer, though Miss Woodferd gave him thriveen pounds and lost him last week. That simply shows how good Miss W. Aella did not make Adla did not make hard work of out-running Amazon, General Monroe, Irish King and Hartford in the handheap of two miles. Old Dan K. was a strong favorite for the fifth race, but did not get a

First Race-Parse \$500; seiling; & mile. Ten starters First Race—Purse Sood; seiling; a mile. Ten staticfa—Bradley's Pearl Tyler, 5, 85, Caldwell; Graham's Haledon, 6, 103, Thayer; Calul's Montaak, 4, 85, Byslop; Walden's Chickadee, 4, 85, J. Donohue; Cook's Weasel, 6, 97, Walker; Bowie's Analosta, 3, 79, Adams; Robinson's Laraminta, 5, 85, Haggins; Davis's Hickory

#### WINNERS AT COVINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Lieutement-Commander George B. Livingston has been ordered to the Colorado; Lieutement Washington O. Sharrer to duty in the Hydrographic Office, and Lieutement John P. A. Augur to the Colorado.

The resignation of Cadet Michael Harrington, fourth class United States Millitary Academy, was to-day accepted by the Secretary of War.

The officers of the Aliantenomah, now at New-York, have been detached prior to putting that vessel out of commission.

# RACING AT MYSTIC PARK.

Boston, Sept. 18.-About 1,000 persons attended the races of the first day of the special Septem-ber meeting at Mystic Park today. In the first race, open to all pacers, Richball won the first heat by a ngth, the fourth by half a length, and the sixth by In the second race for the 2;26 class the second, third and fourth heats were taken by Modoc. Time, 2:204,

19 g and 2:20 4.
If was rumored on the grounds that the car in which y-Lyesee was shipped from Providence had not with accident, and that the cost has been highred. Mr. se, however, exhibited the horse on the track. The

## BICYCLE AND TRICYCLE RACES.

Springfield, Mass., Sept. 18 .- There was an immense attendance at the opening of the Spring-field bicycle Cinby' tournament this afternoon. The track was in fine condition, but the wind was too strong for remarkable time to be made. The one-mile race for the 3:20 class was won by A. B. Prince, of Pittsfield, with Wesley Barbon, of this city, second, and Harry W. Smith, of Worcester, third. Time 3:05 4-5. The one-mile trievele race for the championship of the United States was won by W. W. Stall, of Boston; A. G. Poweil, of Philadelphia, second, and L. A. Jonnston, of Orange,

## PREPARING FOR ROWING CONTESTS.

Sodus Point, N. Y., Sept. 18 .- Hosmer and Plaisted arrived here this morning, and Haulan, Ross, Courtney and others are expected to-night. Sexton, of Charlotte, entered yesterday. The drawing for positions will take place to morrow. The course is being accurately surveyed by a practical engineer, and a grand stand with a scating capacity of 3,000 is being erected.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.-Edward Hanlan, the oarsman, arrived here from St. Louis this morning, for the pur pose of meeting E. T. Platt, the representative of Lavcock, the Australian sculler, with a view to arranging a match in Australia. Platt, however, had been called to New-York on business, whitner Hanlan goes this evening. The accelent by which Laycock broke his leg will of course delay any negotiations for a race.

## BASEBALL NEWS.

About 1,000 people assembled at the Polo Grounds yesterday to witness the League game of base ball between the New-York and Cleveland nines. The Cleveland nine turned the table on their opponents and defeated tuem easily by the score of 9 to 1. The score by innings was:

Other games played yesterday were as follows: At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 0; Buffalo, 4.
At Boston—Boston, 11; Detroit, 5.
At Providence—Providence, 1; Chicago, 5.
At St. Louis—Metropolitan, 2; St. Louis, 3.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 12; Athietic, 13.
At Trenton—Trenton, 1; Quickstep, 3.
At Harrisburg—Active, 5; Harrisburg, 4.
At Richmond—Brocklyn, 3; Virginia, 8,

## THE CONNECTICUT STATE FAIR.

MERIDEN, Conn., Sept. 18 .- The annual fair of the State Agricultural Society opened here to-day, 5,000 persons being at the park. The display of cattle is good, especially in the line of Jerseys. At the City Hall good, especially in the line of Jerseys. At the City Hall the exhibits of manufactured goods, fruits, vegetables, fancy-work, etc., are far better than during any of the four years the State Fair has been held here. In the trotting this afternoon for the 250 class W. B. Smith's (Hartford) black mare May Jefferson won first money. Her best time was 2:38%.

## THE GRANGE COUNTY FAIR.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 18 .- The fortybird annual fair of the Orange County Agricultural sectiation opened here to-day and will close on Friday. It is the largest and finest exhibition ever held SWINDLED IN THE BOWERY.

"If I come across that swindler I'll break his head or get my money back," said an indignant coun-tryman yesterday. He was asked what the matter was,

RACING AT SHEEPSHEAD BAY. | and said that he had paid \$2 for what he supposed was and said that he had paid \$2 for what he supposed was a gole ring. Tested at a jeweller's the ring was propounced the commonest brass. "I was walking along the Bowery." said he, "when a poorly dressed fellow taps me on the shoulder and says," Mr. can I speak to you a moment.' I says 'yes,' polite like. "Well the fellow he path out of his pocket this here ring, and says he found it, and being hard-up would like to sell it. Well, the start of the size would

an absolute divorce, judgment upon the verdict of a jury was entered several months ago in favor of Mr. Kidd. Ex Judgo Arnoux, in behalf of hits Kidd, yesterlay moved before Justice Donohue for leave to put was a strong favorite for the fifth race, but our new place, Edwin A. winning so unexpectedly that French place, Edwin A. winning so unexpectedly that French in a supplemental complaint. The motion was based on pool tickets paid \$128.65 for \$5. Abraham won the affidavits showing that, notwithstanding the verdict of the jury, Mr. Klild had been guilty of the charges made against him by Mrs. Kidd. In opposition to the motion. I. N. Williams read several affidavits, two of which were made by the same percens, whose affidavits had been read on the part of Mrs. Klild. They said that they had been paid by some one acting for Mrs. Kidd, who wanted them to make affidavits in her interest, and that the affidavits read in support of the motion were false. They signed them without their having been entirely read over to them. It was also said in one of the affidavits that the person making it had been told that it would be money in his pocket if he would help Mrs. Kidd get a divorce. A telegram from the woman with whom Mr. Kidd is charged with naving been intimate, in which she declares that sine never even knew Mr. Kidd, was read. Decision was reserved. the jury, Mr. Klid had been guilty of the charges made

#### ARGUING A CASE IN HIS OWN OFFICE. POINTS MADE BY MR. CONKLING IN THE MISSOURI

When Roscoe Conkling welcomed the counsel engaged in the Missouri Pacific Raffway suit to his office, vesterday morning, there were dark rings beneath his He seemed tired, and began to continue his arguent of the previous day in a low tone, which quivered at the opening but gradually grow deep and strong. Mr. Conking's argument was confined almost exclusively to legal points and his opponents heard him with-said: "The learned counsel says that the contract is void because it is oral. Is not an invitation to dinner oftentimes oral, and is the acceptance of it not the most binding of contracts, only to be broken, not by the death of the host, because then his executors have power to recaive the friend, but by the death of the guest bimself, in which emergency the keeping of the contract would be

inconvenient?" heard from the midst of Commodore Garrison's counsel, heard from the midst of Commodore Garrison's courses, and Mr. Comstock's head was seen bobbing with the regularity of a sommoient pendulum over his paners. The sound attracted Mr. Conkling's attention. "Don't disturb him," he said; "iet him sleep peacefully. This The sound attracted Mr. Conking's attention. "Don't disturb him," he said; "iet him sleep peacefully. This scens reminds me of a story of a British statesman who cried in the middie of his speech, "The nation is drifting on the rocks—and the Prime Minister is askeep."

Insisting," he continued, "that even if the contract had been within the statute of frauds, the equity of the case should compel the defandant to return to the plaintiffs that which he took from them. As to the matter of consideration—or shall we cease talking about that!"

"Agreed." assented Mr. Comstock, angrily.

"That," exclaimed Mr. Comking, with manifest gratitude—"that is the first agreement we have had in this case."

"And the last," suggested Mr. Beach.

"No," replied Mr. Conking; "not the last, for Mr. Comslock has always been reasonable. I should like to review this suit and give my opinion of it."

"Do so, then," said Mr. Beach.

"No," was the reply, "but this I will say; that if ever since the fall of Adam there was a case in which one of the parties made engagements with the other and permitted that other to wriggle his sing way out and escape, that is grosser and more iniquitous than the facts developed in this case show this to be, then it was one which did not theyder the question of money, but rights far more sacred and divine."

Mr. Conking will continue his argument this morning.

COURT CALENDARS-SEPTEMBER 19. 

# Mone at 10 to the a. m. stream of Fina Mone at 10 to the a. m. stream of Court-Special Tenm-Before Truax, J.No day calendar Codnox Prana-Special Tenm.-Before Van Brunt, J.No day carendar. TRYING TO REMOVE AN EXECUTOR.

In the Sarrogate's Court, yesterday morning Francis C. Devits, afterney for Mrs. Catherine O'Far-rell, moved to have Rufus G. Beardslee removed a executor and trustee of the estate of Mary Halpin. Mr. Devlin stated that the estate amounted to over \$200,000, that Mr. Beardsice had been in charge of it for nearly four years, and during that time had never filed an inventory, and had refused to give Mrs. O'Farrell, the beneficiary under the will, estate in his hands or how it was invested He also said that Mr. Beardslee had entirely neglected his duty and should be removed. On the ap-plication of Miller, Peckham & Dixon the surrogate gave Mr. Beardslee one week to explain his conduct and file

was too ill to be seen when a TRIDUE there last evening. Mr. Miller, the only one of his counsel who was in the city, said that he could not speak on the merits of the case, as Mr. Peckham had charge of it.

## A FALL OPENING IN BROOKLYN.

Turkish fabrics, rich velvets, delicately inted siks and bonnets and feathers of various shades of silver-gray were the objects of attraction and the cause of continuous admiration to hundreds of ladies in Brooklyn yesterday. The throng was gathered witness the fall opening of Frederick Losser & Co. store in Fulton-st. There was little attempt at buying indulged in superlatives of praise to their hearts' conare in strong contrast to those of last year. Large plaids, Ottoman and corkscrew suitings will be the favorites in cloth goods, and the Radzimer and the Fuille Français ! silks. One style of cloth is the Poll de Bison with a heavily embloidered border for sairts. The French grays and the dark hunters' green are the popular lines, but these goods to silks and wool come in all shades. The brocales of velvet and phish are in large figures on saith, Ottoman and aratine grounds. Loeser & Co. have imported one of the fluest assortments of Paris costumes that have been seen in New-York or Brooklyn for a long time. They are the handlwork of Worth, Felix, Pingat, Roderic and other Paris artists. They comprise evening costames, reception, carriare and walking dresses, combining the popular colors and styles to be worn this season. An evening dress for a young lady is made in peasant style, the front a delicate shade of blue. A walking costume of a gray smose shade has a velvet underskirt, with a camel's-hair overdress to match. The bonnets are mostly small and round; hats are in all shades, the grays predominating, What the great avenue stores have done for New-York, Loeser & Co. are doing very effectually for Brooklyn. A freher or more elaborate assortment of all novelties has a rarely been opened to the public.

## DAVY CROCKETTS WATCH.

PANY CROCKETTS WATCH.

From The Louisville Courier-Journal.

An exceedingly curious and valuable heirloom was shown a Courier-Journalist last evening. It is a gold watch ones owned by David Crockett, and new carried by a lineal descendant, ar. J. W. Crockett, who is a great-grandson of the old hero of the Alamo.

Mr. Crockett is a resident of DeWitt, Ark. He came here to this city last Monday on a visit to the Exposition, and has been stopping on Eighth-st., with his friend Dr. C. C. Cook, of Gainesville, Texas, a student of the University of Louisville. He is an agreeable and poished young gentleman, the son of Mr. Robert H. Crockett, at present the editor of Crockett's fideaner, a weekly paper published at DeWitt. The watch was given to nim by his father, who was the original Crockett's eldest son.

The ancient timepiece is a voteworthy one apart from its associations. It is of ordinary gentleman's size, but rather thicker than the watches of the present day, and is open-faced. The dial-plate is a white one, with no inscription, and it has only the hour and minute hands, the second hand not being employed in the construction of timepieces of that day. The case is perfectly plain and smooth, and long use has worn it very time. It is of sold gold, and on the back are engraved the names of its different owners. The inscription is cut deeply in ordinary isters, the names having been placed there by each possessor from the time of the first Crockett, and is as follows:

# D. CROCKETT. JOHN W. CROCKETT. ROBT. H. CROCKETT. J. W. CROCKETT.

Very little of the movement can be seen, but it bears the stamp of Robert Raskell, Liverpool, and is full jewelled. It is still in excellent running order, never having had any part renewed but a winding chain or two, and keeps accurate time.

The watch was purchased by David Crockett before the left Tennessee after he was defeated in its last race for Congress. He wore it for some time, and just before going on that fatal expedition which terminated with his death at the Alamon ne gave it to his eldest son, Mr. John W. Crockett. The latter also went into public life, and was three times a member of Congress from the Volunteer State. He afterward went to New-Orieans, where he engaged in mercantile life. Upon his death the watch descended to his clidest son, Robert. He was also a citizen of Tennessee until about twenty-eight years ago, when he removed to Arkansas, where he has since resided. He is still living, but has turned the watch over to his eldest son, the present owner.

## THE MONEY MARKET.

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE. SEPTEMBER 18, 1883.

THE GENERAL LIST.

| Accust Sales | Closing |

Shares	Bids.						200000V
Sold.	Ask'd	Bid.	Pinal.	Low*	H'g't.	O'p'g.	Zame
2,200	5918	59 1	59 (	0874	59	3874	Sonade Pacific
2,500	554	557g	554	64.44	55-4	55%	Can, South
500	MR	8254	8000	8210	9000	1011000	Cantralat N.J.
820	687	3837	V156 744	10819	4196114	scitite.	Cant For
2.410	128	12734	127%	127%	128	128 14704 1003	Cent. Pac U & N. W
100	148	147%	147%	14704	1472	14.70	Do, sref
8,225	1065	1064	1060m	106	1000	10034	C., M. & St. P
406	424	4214	4230	4.34	424	410,	CELP MAD
536	104	10374	140007	TORKE	1/04	Test Co.	C.St.P.M &O. StPM&O.prf
1,000	126	125 %	12534	125%	1257	1257	B. & Q
450	12419	12070	120 %	1294	124	124	0, R. I, & P
100	81 (J. Tes	64	65	415	65	66	C C C # I
17,800	124 10	12439	124 %	1237	124%	124	C. C. C. & I Del I. & W
10	108	107 4	1084	10814	1084	10814	D & H Canal
13,210	24.7	27.54	27.44	4540 E-	CANTE	28	D. & 1010 td.
300	839	- 8	8 129 %	8	3	8	F. T. Va. 20
100	1291	1294	199 to			1294	III. Cent.
388	81	80	90%	8014	Sul	60.14	
50	Office		1000	1797	26	26	I. Is & W
22,304	2042	4 77 4 14	1047	26 103%	1047	103%	Lake Shore
100	2214	213 <sub>k</sub> 10	4272	444	90	22	L. F. & W
100	13	10	13	18	13	13	La & MoRiver
12,72	517a	5134	614	614	63.7		Louis & Sann.
300	20	1870	10	19	19	10	Mun. Beach
8,600	8419	84.4	844	827	84 19	19 84	Man. Beach
100	7.10	6219	524	8212	52%	0212	Mica. Ceu
1.200	274	273	2734	2674	27.4	202 2	M. & St. L.prf M. K. & T
2,500	1017	10124	10104	10112	1014	1013,	M. R. C. L.
		5%	64	619	64	(1)	Mo. Pac. NYS&W. N.C. & St. L. N.Y. Central. NY. Cast. L. of
400	56	55	55	65	85	65	TO A STATE
2,70	56 117%	1174	1174	116%	1174	11634	N. C. Ok Cha Ira
100	19	177	18	18	18	120	N. I CENTING
17,60	324	8210	324	25 h 7 m	32%		
10	25	24	24	24	24 2814 3319	24	N Y. & N. E.
90	281		2814	22%	23014	42%	N. Y. U. & W
17,700 49,400	40	3939	3919	39 4	30%	301	Nor. & W.brel.
17,70	40%	4034	40%	2919 94	40%	40%	Not Pag
	74	73%	73%	7:632	7.5		De pret.
100	85	N.4. hs	HR to	96:03.6	8319	GIL.	Trawan Lune
12	404	434	4.5	41/2	4 %	4.10	Ober Can
700	128	127	127	127	1274	127 4	One Cen A R & N
19.14	65%	654	127 d5%	127	136.18	vite:	Dra conne
10		133.0	25	25	25		Short Line
1,10	16	15%	25%	15	150.	151	B or of Line
4,70	52	51%	52	51%	89 84	1.02	Pail & Road
20	131	130	180 %	1260	130%	136	Pail & Road P P Car Co
1.10	1.64.40	18%	1829	184	1842	1819	r car co
4,10	111	110%	1107m	110	111	130'9	noca, a Pilla.
2,60	111 20 4m	5813	301	29%	30%	200	Hoch & Pitts. St. P. M. & M Per. & Pas
4.04	936	9274	9.1	92%	93	1477	Course CAdress
1,20	93 224	224	22%	221	6.43	1 STHOM	enion Pac
2,59	35%	854	85%	34%	85%	19274 2224 3518	W WHIRD
10	132%	1824		183	133	170.0	Bank & Mer
10	18		18 %	18%	18%	100	Bank & Mer
3,32	8319		NO. W	AU-M	10.4	10%	M. U. Tel
2000	90		83 ls	8219	884	84.4	W. U. Tol
ĩ		89	gan.	894	80%	0134	Am. E
	120	117	117 4	1174	1475	1175	W F Express.
1,30	36%	3519	3549	85%	26.4	115	M. U. Tel. W. H. Tel. Am. Et. W F Express. Pac, Mati.
10	28	22	23	23	23	23	Cel. Com & 1 Standard
10	634	514	519	512	04	54	Standard

BONDS AND BANK STOCKS.

Fourth N Bank	Northwest consol	Chie Burd Quin 7's
16 132	coupon gold b	consol
German Am Bank	10,000 123	1,006 127
2098	20,000 123	Ches and Ohio
Louisiana con	NYWHARIUM	cur
6 000 min 71	1.00074%	25,00049%
5,000,83071 Bur C R & N 1st	22,000	20.00049
1,000995	2,00074	20,000 49 Den & R Gr W 1st 2,000 67 9
1.000 99%	48,000 744	2.000 674
A court Ody	2,000 74 %	3,000,67
1.00099%	23,000	E Tenn Va & Ga 5a
Chicago B & Q	NY Cha St L	2,0007242
deb. 58	To I CHORDE TO	1,00072
1,000,915	1st	E 1900
5.000	4.0009934	8,0007219
Ch St Paul Min	1.000 99%	Mil & St P
and O con	2,00099%	Mineral Pt div
2,000 109%	Ore'n & Trans lat	5,000 9119
1,000 109 %	1.000,9:42	Southern Min div
5,000 10919	Orogon R & N 1st	13,000 107
19,000 109%	5 000 107	Mil and St Pl& D
18,000 1091	Ohio and Miss con	extension
15,000, 105	1,000 116	9.000 1204
C Pacitic Gold rids	Dishmond & Aller	Roches'r & Pits 1st
0 000 111%	Richmond & Al 1st	2,000 107
Central Pacific LG	15,00075	
5,000 106	3,000 74 3	Rich & Dan 1st
Len & Rio Gr Ist	3,000	12,00097
Con	St Pani M & M Lat	South Pacific R lat
7,000 85 9	con 64	1,000 10212
5,00085%	5.000 102	3,000 102%
Del and H reg '84	5.000 .a15,101	Texas Central lat
5.000, 1024	Dakota extension	8 Fund 7s
Del and Hud 1st	4,000 114	10.000 108
Penn div coupous	St Paul M & M 2d	Union Pac S Pand
Lenn and combons	1,000 111	10,000 115
1,000 123	St Paul & S C 1st	5,000115
Erie 7s Con Gold	3,000115%	Union Pac 8s
25,000124	St L and I Mt lat	registered
Fort Worth&D lat	St I, And I att the	5,000 114
3,000	10,000 11212	
Gull Col and S Fe	St L & I Mt	Gal H & S An 1st
lat	Cairo and F 1st	3,000 10349
9,000, 11014	1,000 10032	Int and Gt N lat
2.000	3,000, 106%	1,000 210%
1.000 110% Mo Kan & T con	South Carolina 1st	Inter coup 6s
Mo Kan & T con	5,000 104	2,000
71	Texas Pacine L G	Midland of N J lat
5,000 1054	49,000,56	2,00095
Metropolitan E ist	Virginia Midid inc	Mo K & Tgen be
1.000 100	4.000	94.00(+,80 kg
Metropolitan E 3d	3,000, 61	N Y Susq & W 1st
2,000	2.0006134	4,000804
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North Pac 1st coup	Albany & Sus 1st	5,00013
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6,000 1037	5.000 1244	1,000 119
6,000 103% N Y Lao & W 1st	Del and H reg '81	Section and the section of the secti
.1000 1164		13
4400001-1111-411-4	2.12	

## CLOSING PRICES OF BOSTON STOCKS.

Bosto	N. Tuesday, Sept. 18, 1893.
WaterPower 25 25 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26	Allseea M Co. N. 1 by 1 by Cantimet & Heata. 243 245 Catalpa

## CLOSING PRICES OF PHILADELPHIA STOCKS.

Bid. A	Bid.	Asked		
City 6a, New. 131 United fitt. NJ 194 Pennsy've Rail'd 58'a Reading con'l nt 94 to Reading valley 69'a Catawissa, pref. 57 North Pac.com 40'a	131 ½ 194 ½ 50 261 91% 70½ 58	North Pac pref. North Ceut. RR. Lehigh Nav. Bult. N. Y. & Pa Do. Preferred. Hestonville it'y. Philad's & Erie.	24	74 554 44 127 25 13 18

TUESDAY, Sept. 18-P. M.

The stock market to-day developed no increase it the speculative fever. The transactions (232,831 shares) were 51,000 less than those of yesterday. Yet there was some progress made toward the fulfilment of last week's promises of higher prices. A simple narrative of the day's dealings will enable readers to form their own conclusions as to the general character of the market. First, the market opened dull and with prices somewhat easier than at last evening's close; that was followed by some recovery and subsequent set-back in which the Northern Pacifics and Denver and Rio Grande were leaders; those stocks declining from 1 to 1% per cent. the dulness that prevailed was extremely fatiguing to all classes of operators. During all this time, however, the stocks of Lake Shore and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, while as dull as any others, enjoyed a special support-so much so that before the later advances of the afternoon is became a common saying in the board-room that those stocks were "pegged." It was late in the day when from an intense duiness Lake Shore and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western suddenly jumped into activity, and their prices moved rapidly from 1037s to 1047s and from 1237s to 1243s respectively. The movement in those stocks affected the whole list, so that in the last half-hour there was a general advance in prices; but excepting Lake Shore, which is up 13s from last evening, the other final gains range from 19 to 5s per cent, while the stocks showing final losses include Omaha and Oregon and Transcontinental each 1s; Central Pacific 14; Omaha preferred

Grande 34 and Northern Pacific preferred 78 per cent. While, as stated, prices advanced, it was so perfectly in accord with the general anticipation of what was to be that there was no exhibition of enthusiasm and no lively scrambling to cover "shorts." The operations of a few operators were watched, and neither aided nor opposed by the meral traders. It was an off day for outside influences at the Stock Exchange.

With a moderate amount of transactions Govern ment bonds were strong, with bids for 4s and 4128 Is per cent higher. Annexed are the closing quo-

U.S. 4 1391, rog. 1127 113 U.S. cur 6s. 1393, 139 U.S. 4 1397, rog. 115 113 U.S. cur 6s. 1393, 139 U.S. cur 6s. 1397, 131 U.S. cur 6s. 1397, 131 U.S. cur 6s. 1397, 1331 U.S. cur 6s. 1397, 1331 U.S. cur 6s. 1395, 1334 U.S. cur 6s. 1395, 1344 U.S. cur 6s. 1395, 1345 U.S. cur 6s. 1395, 1394 U.S. cur 6s. 1395, 1395 U.S.

The business in State bonds was confined to sales of Louisiana consols at 71, seller 30 days. There were sharp biddings for the Fort Smith issues of Arkansas 7s, without bringing out any offers sell. Of city bank stocks Fourth National sold at 132 and German-American at 98.

Only a moderate amount of business was done in railroad bonds, and that presented little of special interest. East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia consol 5s, with small sales, were ½ higher at 72½.

There were no transactions in Eric second consols;

the quotation is 9412@95; first consols sold at 124. Missouri, Kansas and Texas general 6s were a lower at 8012, and Texas and Pacific incomes were 14 lower at 56. Chesapeake and Ohio currency debts were is higher at 49, and Ohio Central in comes advanced 1 per cent to 13. New-York, Chicomes advanced I per cent to 13. Mew-lora, Oni-cago and St. Louis firsts were easy at 995-2995, and West Shore and Buffalo 5s declined from 743to 74@74'4. Richmond and Allegheny firsts were firm at 7412@75. St. Paul firsts, Southern Minnesota division, were up 14 at 107, and St. Paul and Omaha consols were strong at 10912@10938 St. Paul and Manitoba consols sold at 102 regular and at 101 seller fifteen days. Wabash general 6s were off 12 at 69. Denver and Rio Grande consols were steady at 8512, but first mortgage extensions were 1 per cent lower at 67. Northern Pacific firsts were up la at 1037s. Mutual Union Telegraph sinking funds de

clined 12 to 8412. The Sub-Treasury to-day gained on balance \$203,025, made up by a coin gain of \$149,014 and a currency gain of \$54,011. The baiance also was increased \$200,000 by the issue of that amount of gold certificates. The day's transactions covered: Receipts, \$1,964,867; payments, \$1,561,662; currency balance, \$7,263,267; coin balance, \$119,-249.275. Money at the Stock Exchange continues easy; but to-day it was just enough harder to make a large proportion of the business on call at 2½ instead of 2 per cent.

The Clearing-House statement to-day was as follows: Exchanges \$104.911,826; balances \$4,934.

The Clearing-House statement to-day was as follows: Exchanges \$104.911,826; balances \$4,934.267.

The United States Treasury at Washington to-day received \$297.000 National bank notes for redemption. The customs receipts were \$718,257, and the internal revenue receipts \$194.437.

A small increase in the demand for foreign exchange served to stiffen the nominal rates for sierling 2 cent per £; but for actual business, we leave quotations unchanged as follows: Bankers bills, \$4 8134 and \$4 85 for long and short sterling respectively; 5.25% and 5.22 for france; 94 and 9434 for reachmarks; 3993, and 3975 for guilders.

In London British consols again were stronger and rose \$1 to 100 15-161 or money and 101 1-16 for account. United States bonds also were higher; 4s at 122 1-16 and 4½s at 11578. American railways followed yesterday's home markets, and consequently higher quotations are reported, except for Louisville and Nashville and Wabash preferred. The Bank of England gained £29,000 bullion on balance. At Paris French 3 per cents were a shade higher at 79.37½ and sight exchange on London ruled at 25.30½ francs to the £.

The directors of the Chicago, Milwankee and St. Paul Railroad Company to-day declared dividends of 3½ per cent on its common and preferred stocks for the six months ended last June 30. The dividends are payable October 15; transfers will close September 26 and reopen October 18.

The gross earnings of the following railroads and reported:

reported:
CHICAGO, MILWAUKKE AND ST PAUL Number of miles ... 1881. 1882. 1883. Number of miles ... 3.803 4.353 4.559 5econd week in Sept. \$400.637 \$436,221 \$515.509 Jan. 1 to Sept. 14... \$14,141,171 \$13,185,125 \$15,287,509 CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN. Number of miles... 2.897 8.324 3.605 Second, week in Sept. \$482,359 \$540,700 \$589,000 Jan. 1 to Sept. 14....\$14,332,509 \$15,006,717 \$16,600,978 LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE. Number of milea... 1891. 1892. 1883. Number of milea... 2.023 2.023 2.073 Second week in Nept. \$226,700 \$250,805 \$299,800 Jan. 1 to Sept. 14. \$7,623,344 \$3,416,294 \$9,336,982 CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS AND OMAHA.

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS AND OMAHA.

1881. 1882. 1883.
Number of miles... 960 1.042 1.170
Second week in Sept. \$82,669 \$113,200 \$120,000
Jgn. 1 to Sept. 14. \$2.612,470 \$3,241,774 \$3,457,569

Exports of merchandise at New-York:
1881. 1882.
For the week...... \$8.312,639 \$7,161,211 \$7,033,917
Previously reported... 270,945,109 234,274,905 248,194,725 Total since Jan. 1., \$279,290,838 \$241,437,296 \$255,248,645

EUBOPEAN FINANCIAL MARKETS. LONDON, Sept. 18.—12:30 p. m.—Consols, 10015, for money and 1011, for the account: Atlantic and Great Western drsg mortgage trustees' certificates, 47% do, second mortgage, 14% Eng. 3: New York Countant, 1:00%. Penasylvania Central, 50%; Reading, 26% Mexican Ordinary, 92% New-York, Omiario and Western, 25% Mexican Ordinary, 92% New-York, Construction of the Second Countary, 92% New-York, Page 1887 N count, LONDON Sept. 18.-4:00 p. m.-Atlantic and Great West-ser first morieure trustees' certificates, 474; do, second motgage, 144; New-York Central, 120-5; Mexican Ordinary,

Plant on the amount of bullion constitute the Bank of Englant on balance to-day is £20,000.

BERLIN, sept. 18.—The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows a decrease in specie of 6.181,000 marks.

MINES AND MINING.

SALES AT THE MINING EXCHANGE. -ACTUAL BALES, -- SHARE Open High Low-Final N. Alice\*
Barcelona
Bradehaw
Carveolite
Climax
Con, Virginia Dunkin. Eastern Oregon... Eiko.
Hali-Anoerson
Iron Silver
Little Culef
Northern Belle.
Red Elephant
Robinson Con
Silver King\*

Total sales for the day ...... 41,389 \* Buyer 10. CLOSING PRICES OF CALIFORNIA STOCKS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, Sept. 18, 1883. Yesterday, To-day, 2° 25 Diable ..... 4' 4's 

ADVANCE IN CHICAGO MARKETS. CORN AND PROVISIONS FOLLOWING AN UPWARD

MOVEMENT OF WHEAT.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 18 .- Speculators acted this morning as if they expected that it would be a "bear" day; and for a very little while their expectations were realized. Wheat, corn, and everything else save oats, declined and the selling was furious. Very suddenly, however, the feeling turned and so did prices. Wheat closed at night 19 cent above last night, corn 14 cent higher, pork 20 cents per bbl., lard 1242015 cents per hundred and ribs 10 cents per hundred higher. The weather had nothing to do with the market. The day was fine and the temperature high enough to put out el mind any thought of frost. Neither did corn control the feeling to-day or attract the main attention. Wheat led; when it turned the rest of the market followed in its wake. To-day's reaction was as totally un-

expected an hour before it took place as any speculative event well could be. There were signs last night that wheat was dragging along on the bottom, and that many sellers were on the point of changing sides; but this morning the "bears" were having the best of the fight again. Even George C. Walker & Co., a great "bull" house, had apparently joined the ranks of the sellers, and the people who the night before believed that wheat had touched bottom were in the mood they have been for mouths—despondent. Suddenly the houses which had been selling began to buy in. They found it a little spondent. Suddenly the houses which had been selling began to buy in. They found it a little difficult to buy back at the low figures. There was a little advance. In almost a twinking wheat advanced a cent above the bottom figures. Immediately the "shorts" took alarm and the market became very firm. To-night the enange in feeling is marked. The "shorts" are a little alarmed. There is likely to be a scramble to buy back wheat to-morrow, and prices are pretty certain to advance some. The situation, so far as the supply and demand are concerned, has not changed one writ. The stock of wheat here last week increased a quarrer million busheds, and the receipts still exceed the single ments; but the price is too low, the general opinion suddenly is, to warrant such tremendous selling as there has been. September wheat closed to-might at 934, October at 943, November at 963. A "buil" calls attention to the fact that in 1881, at this date the visible supply of wheat was 41,000,000 bushels and the price \$1.35, advancing later to \$1.49. The fact that the visible supply for wheat was 41,000,000 bushels should not consequently be an unanswerable "bear" argument.

Cora advanced a little to-day simply because wheat. Was strong. Sontember closed at 432, October at 454. The stock here increased 500,000 bushels has week. With an advance in wheat it is not likely to decline; but proportionately it is higher than wheat, and without frost is likely to go down after a while. The movement is still very liberal, and tare were \$49 cars received to-day, and while the simple series were \$40,000 bushels. W. T. Baker offered to bet \$500 to-day that at an time in October would there be a stock of over 500,000 bushels. W. T. Baker offered to bet \$500 to-day that at an time in October would there be a stock of over 500,000 bushels. No. 2 corn aere. Oats were \$4 cent higuer and steedy. Provisions were strong, because of the feeling in grain. and Northern Pacific each os; Denver and Rio

THE PETROLEUM MARKET. NEW-YORK, Sept. 18.

A stronger tone characterized the early deale